

Equity LifeStyle Properties

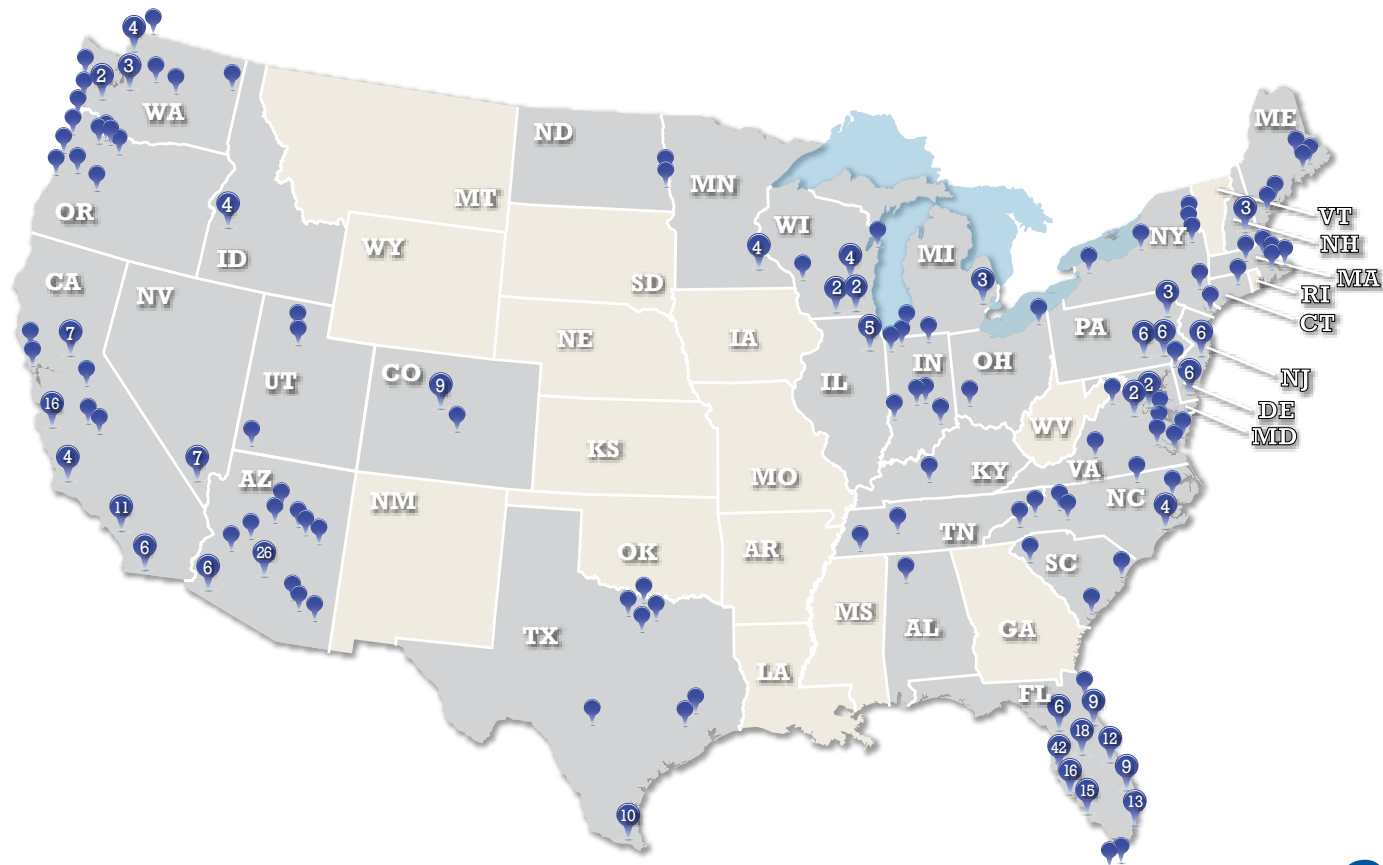


els

Our Story

- **One of the nation's largest real estate networks with 411 properties containing 153,847 sites in 32 states and British Columbia**
- **Unique business model**
 - ▶ Own the land
 - ▶ Low maintenance costs/customer turnover costs
 - ▶ Lease developed sites
- **High-quality real estate locations**
 - ▶ More than 90 properties with lake, river or ocean frontage
 - ▶ More than 100 properties within 10 miles of coastal United States
 - ▶ Property locations are strongly correlated with population migration
 - ▶ Property locations in retirement and vacation destinations
- **Stable, predictable financial performance and fundamentals**
 - ▶ Balance sheet flexibility
- **In business for more than 40 years**

Property Locations

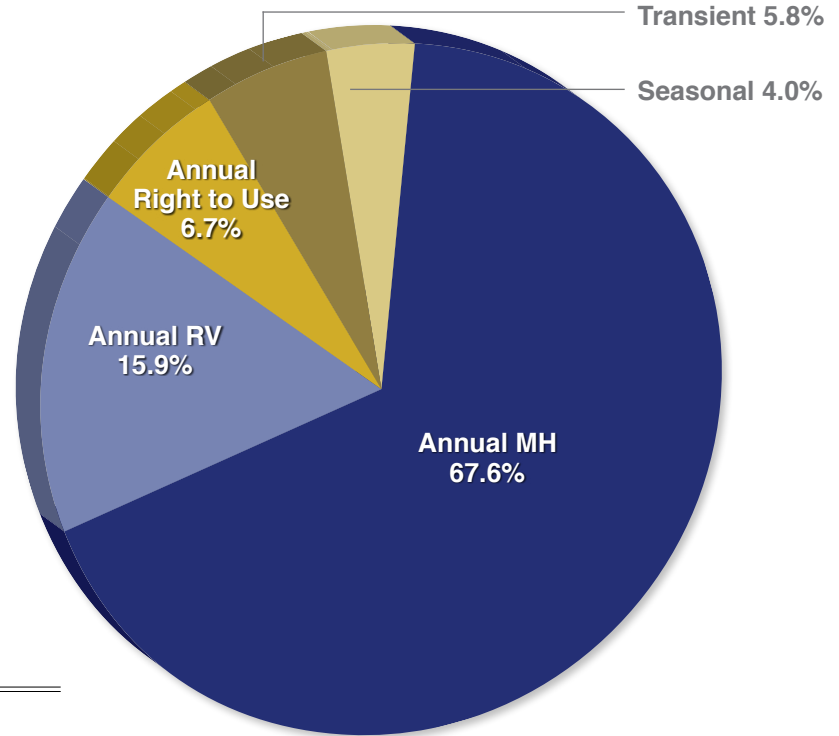


Steady, Predictable Revenue Streams

Property/Site composition ⁽¹⁾

- 208 manufactured/resort home communities
 - ▶ 74,100 sites
- 192 RV resorts
 - ▶ 77,400 sites
 - Annuals 29,500
 - Seasonal 11,700
 - Transient 11,900
 - Membership sites 24,300

Property Operating Revenue Buckets ⁽²⁾



Notes:

(1) Property and site counts exclude Marina JV investment properties.

(2) Property operating revenue buckets reflect estimated 2018 property operating revenues, derivable from our guidance included in Exhibit 99.1 to the Form 8-K filed with the SEC on October 23, 2018 ("ELS Reports Third Quarter Results").

All Annual Revenue = 90.2%

Our Lifestyle Options

- **Customers own the units they place on our sites**
 - ▶ Manufactured homes
 - ▶ Resort cottages (park models)
 - ▶ Recreational vehicles
- **We offer a lifestyle and a variety of product options to meet our customers' needs**
- **We seek to create long-term relationships with our customers**



Manufactured Home



RV Resort Cottage



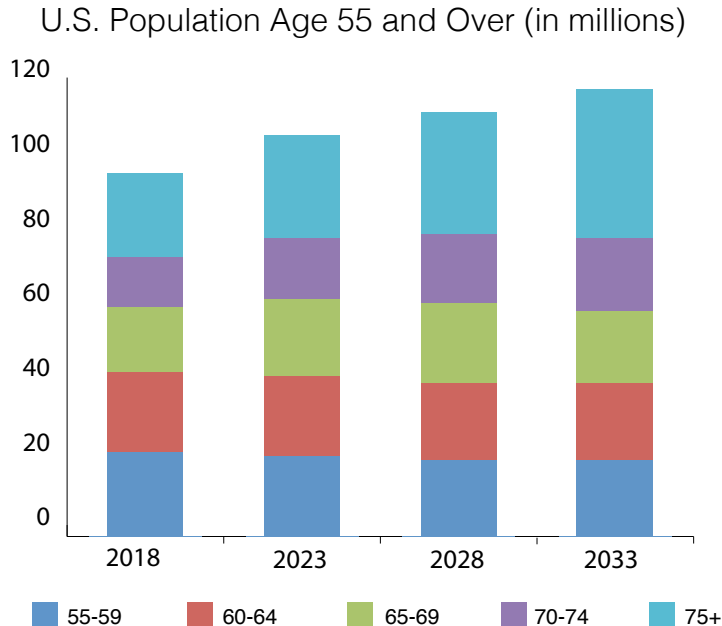
RV Site



Tiny House

Favorable Customer Demographics

- The population of people age 55 and older in the U.S. is expected to grow 22% from 2018 to 2033
- Roughly 10,000 Baby Boomers will turn 65 every day through 2030



New Residents

MH ▶ Average age: 59 years

RV ▶ Average age: 55 years

Note:

Sources: US Census, Released Dec 2014, Pew Research Center 2010

Track Record

Item	IPO Year - 1993	2018
Properties	41	411
Sites	12,312	153,847
States	16	32
Net Income Per Share ⁽¹⁾	\$0.35	\$2.40
FFO Per Share ⁽¹⁾	\$0.47	\$3.93
Normalized FFO Per Share ⁽¹⁾	\$0.47	\$3.88
Common Stock Price ⁽²⁾	\$6.44	\$96.45
Enterprise Value ⁽³⁾	\$296 million	\$11.5 billion
Dividend Paid Cumulative ⁽⁴⁾	-	\$24.02
Cumulative Total Return ⁽⁵⁾	-	4,311%
S&P 500 Total Return ⁽⁵⁾	-	995%

Notes:

(1) The 2018 amounts are the midpoint of an estimate range. See our guidance included in Exhibit 99.1 to the Form 8-K filed with the SEC on October 23, 2018. See pages 12 and 13 for the reconciliation and definition of FFO and Normalized FFO. The 1993 amount was determined from amounts presented in the 1996 Form 10-K.

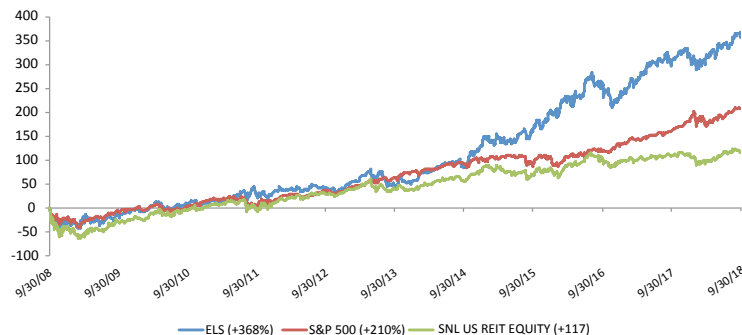
(2) The 1993 stock price is adjusted for stock splits; the 2018 price is the closing price as of September 30, 2018.

(3) The 2018 enterprise value is as of September 30, 2018. See page 9.

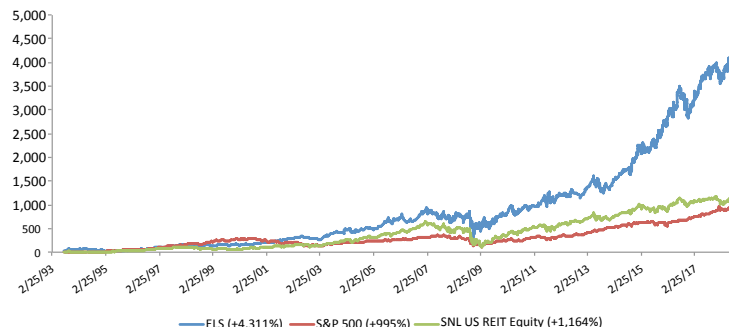
(4) Source: S&P Global. Includes dividends paid from IPO date of February 25, 1993 through September 30, 2018 and adjusted for stock splits.

(5) Source: S&P Global from IPO through September 30, 2018 (calculation assumes common dividend reinvestment).

10-Year Total Return Performance



Total Return Performance Since IPO



Notes:

Source: S&P Global

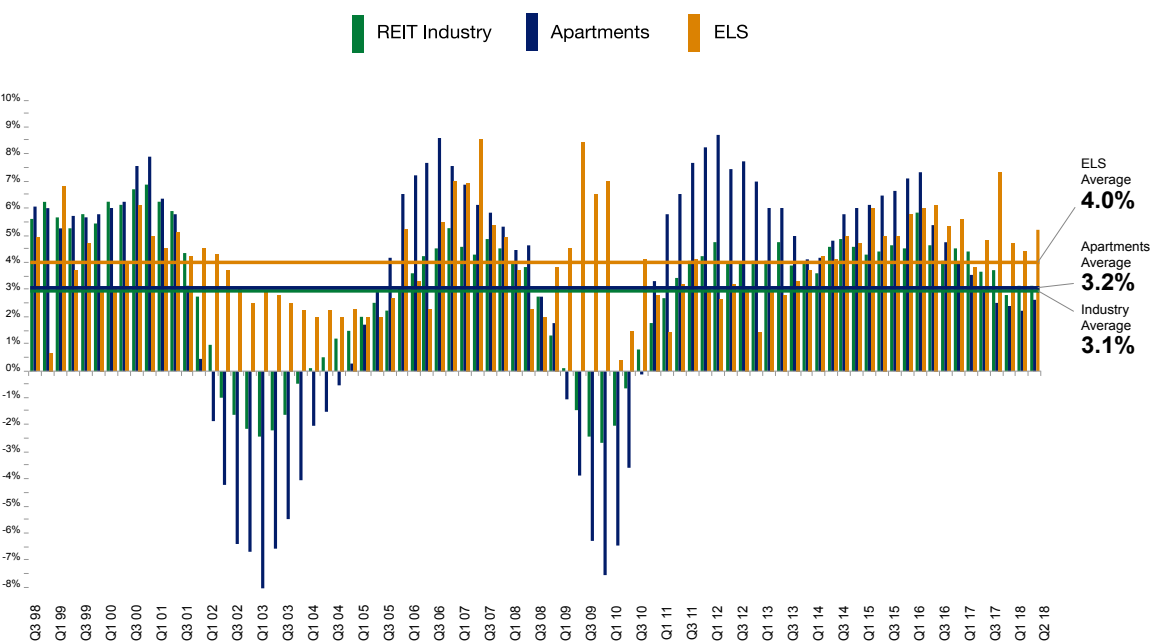
(1) Total return calculation assumes dividend reinvestment.

(2) SNL US REIT Equity; Includes all publicly traded (NYSE, NYSE Amex, NASDAQ, OTC BB, Pink Sheets) Equity REITs in SNL's coverage universe.

(3) Stock price date from IPO as of September 30, 2018.

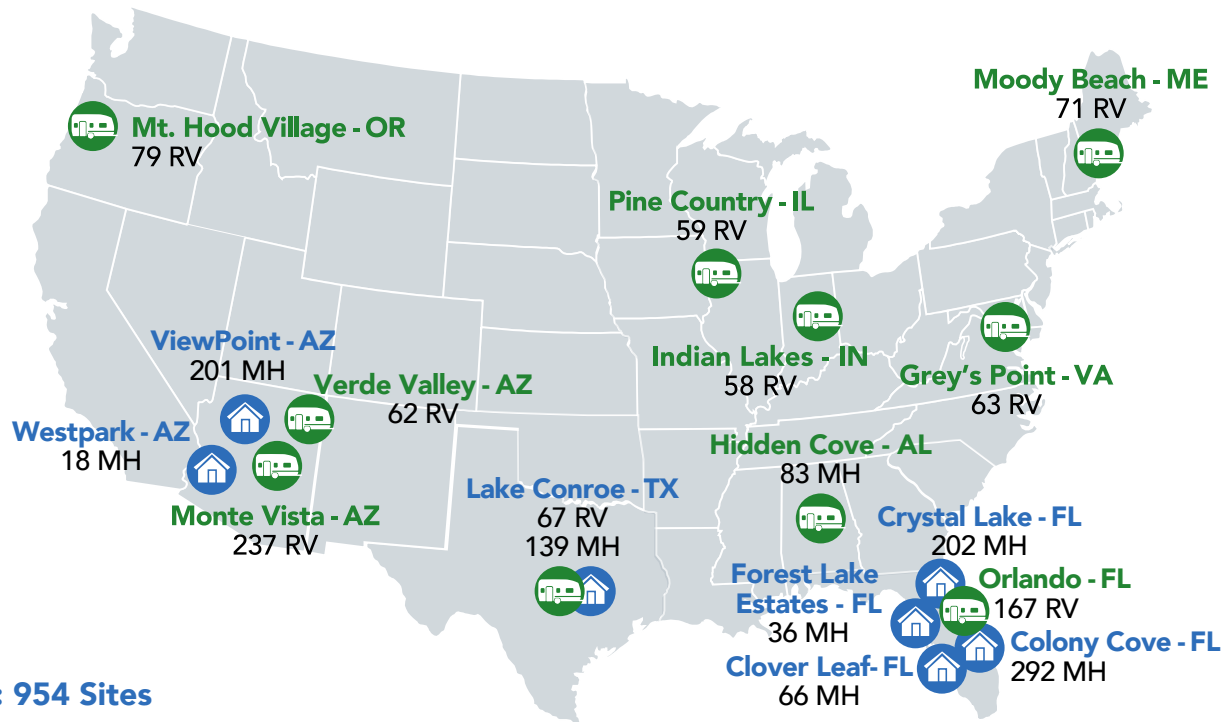
Consistent Same Store NOI Growth and Outperformance

Twenty year track record of maintaining positive same store NOI growth.



Note:
 (1) Source for Same Store NOI data: Citi Investment Research, August 2018. Earliest quarter collected by Citi is third quarter of 1998. "REIT Industry" includes an index of REITs across a variety of asset classes, including regional malls, shopping centers, multifamily, student housing, manufactured homes, self storage, office, industrial, mixed office and specialty.

Development Projects



 **MH: 954 Sites**

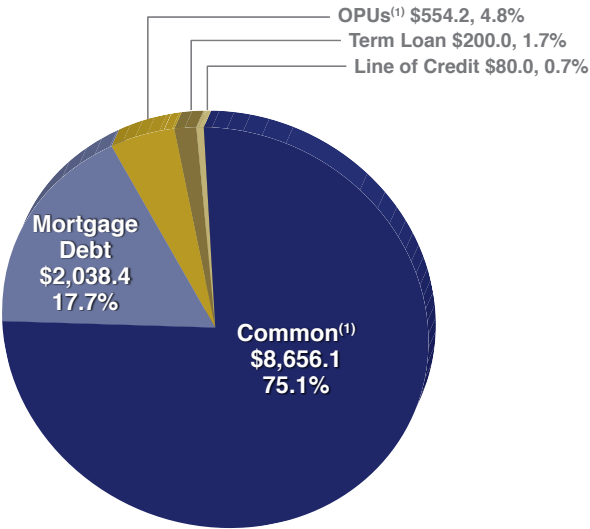
 **RV: 946 Sites**

Total: 1,900 Sites

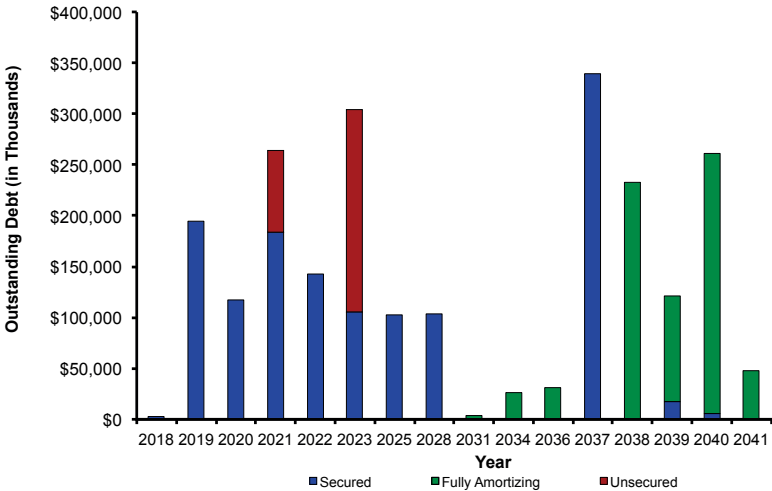
Capital Structure

As of September 30, 2018 (in millions)

- Total enterprise value is \$11.5 billion
- Debt to enterprise value is 20.1%
- \$320 million available line of credit



Loan Maturity as of September 30, 2018



12

Average Years to Maturity

4.6%

Weighted Average Interest Rate

6

REIT Average Years to Maturity⁽²⁾

Notes:
 (1) Stock price as of September 30, 2018.
 (2) Source: S&P Global; Includes all publicly traded U.S. Equity REITs in S&P Global's coverage universe that stated total debt term to maturity. Results weighted by market capitalization.

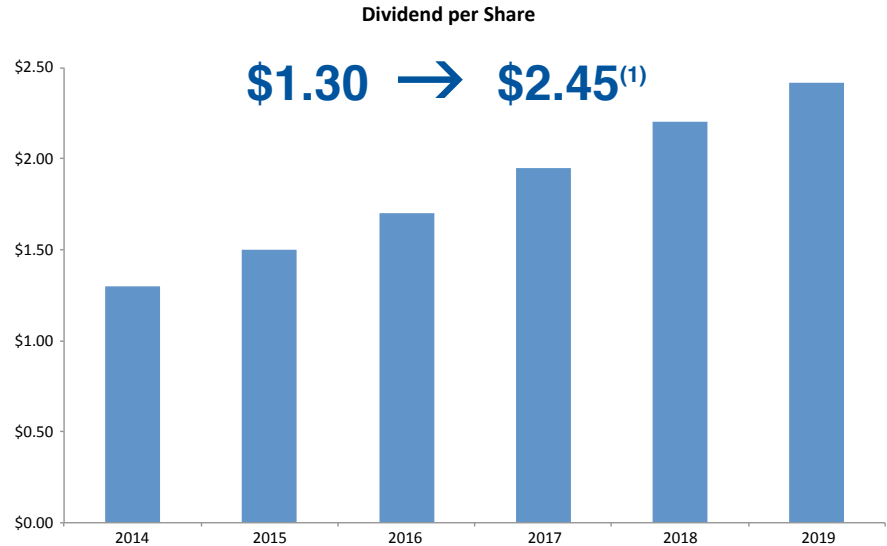
Dividend

- **2019 – \$2.45/share⁽¹⁾**

- ▶ 11% increase

- **Dividend growth**

- ▶ 5 year CAGR
 - ▶ ELS 14%⁽²⁾
 - ▶ REIT Average 6%⁽³⁾



Notes:

(1) On October 30, 2018, our Board of Directors ("Board") approved setting the annual dividend rate for 2019 at \$2.45 per common share. Our Board, in its sole discretion, will determine the amount of each quarterly dividend in advance of payment.

(2) Compound average growth rate through 2019.

(3) Source: S&P Global; Includes all publicly traded U.S. Equity REITs in S&P Global's coverage universe that declared regular dividends during the period January 1, 2012 through December 31, 2017.

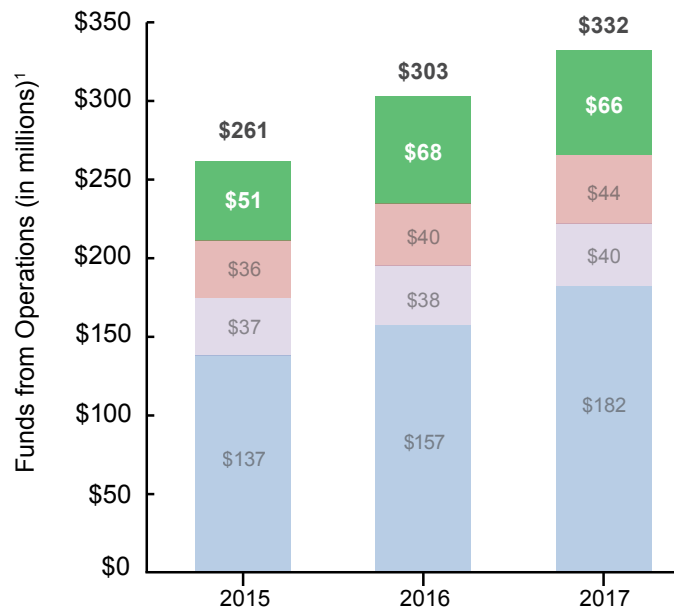
Funds From Operations

- **Committed Capital**

- Principal
- Recurring Capex
- Dividend

- **Discretionary Capital**

- Acquisitions
- Working Capital
- Development



Note:

(1) See pages 12 and 13 for the reconciliation and definition of FFO.

Safe Harbor Statement

Under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995:

The forward-looking statements contained in this presentation are subject to certain economic risks and uncertainties described under the heading "Risk Factors" in our 2017 Annual Report on Form 10-K and our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2018. See our Form 8-K filed October 23, 2018 for the full text of our forward-looking statements. We assume no obligation to update or supplement forward-looking statements that become untrue because of subsequent events. All projections are based on 2018 budgets, reforecasts and pro forma expectations on recent investments.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Net Income to FFO and Normalized FFO Reconciliation (in millions)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018 ⁽¹⁾
Net income available for common stockholders	\$106.9	\$118.7	\$130.1	\$164.0	\$189.9	\$214.0
Income allocated to common OP units	9.7	10.5	11.1	13.9	12.8	13.6
Deferral of right-to-use contracts + sales revenue and commission, net	3.3	2.9	2.7	2.9	3.8	6.5
Depreciation on real estate assets and other	102.7	101.2	104.0	108.0	112.6	121.5
Depreciation on rental homes	6.5	10.9	10.7	10.7	10.4	9.8
Depreciation on discontinued operations	1.5	—	—	—	—	—
Amortization of in-place leases	1.9	4.0	2.4	3.4	2.2	7.5
Gain on real estate	(41.5)	(1.5)	—	—	—	—
FFO available for common stock and OP unit holders	191.0	246.7	261.0	302.9	331.7	372.9
Change in fair value of contingent consideration asset	1.4	(0.1)	—	—	—	—
Transaction costs	2.0	1.6	1.1	1.2	0.7	—
Early debt retirement	37.9	5.1	16.9	—	2.7	1.1
Litigation settlement, net	—	—	—	2.4	—	—
Insurance proceeds due to catastrophic weather event	—	—	—	—	—	(5.9)
Preferred stock original issuance costs	—	—	—	—	(0.8)	—
Normalized FFO available for common stock and OP unit holders	\$232.3	\$253.3	\$279.0	\$279.0	\$335.9	\$368.1

Note:

(1) The 2018 amounts are the midpoint of an estimate range. See our guidance included in Exhibit 99.1 to the Form 8-K filed with the SEC on October 23, 2018.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This presentation contains certain non-GAAP measures used by management that we believe are helpful in understanding our business, as further discussed in the paragraphs below. We believe investors should review these non-GAAP measures, along with GAAP net income and cash flow from operating activities, investing activities and financing activities, when evaluating an equity REIT's operating performance. Our definitions and calculations of these non-GAAP financial and operating measures and other terms may differ from the definitions and methodologies used by other REITs and, accordingly, may not be comparable. These non-GAAP financial and operating measures do not represent cash generated from operating activities in accordance with GAAP, nor do they represent cash available to pay distributions and should not be considered as an alternative to net income, determined in accordance with GAAP, as an indication of our financial performance, or to cash flow from operating activities, determined in accordance with GAAP, as a measure of our liquidity, nor is it indicative of funds available to fund our cash needs, including our ability to make cash distributions.

FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS (FFO). We define FFO as net income, computed in accordance with GAAP, excluding gains and actual or estimated losses from sales of properties, plus real estate related depreciation and amortization, impairments, if any, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures. Adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures are calculated to reflect FFO on the same basis. We compute FFO in accordance with our interpretation of standards established by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts (NAREIT), which may not be comparable to FFO reported by other REITs that do not define the term in accordance with the current NAREIT definition or that interpret the current NAREIT definition differently than we do. We receive up-front non-refundable payments from the entry of right-to-use contracts. In accordance with GAAP, the upfront non-refundable payments and related commissions are deferred and amortized over the estimated customer life. Although the NAREIT definition of FFO does not address the treatment of non-refundable right-to-use payments, we believe that it is appropriate to adjust for the impact of the deferral activity in our calculation of FFO.

NORMALIZED FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS (NORMALIZED FFO). We define Normalized FFO as FFO excluding the following non-operating income and expense items: a) gains and losses from early debt extinguishment, including prepayment penalties and defeasance costs; b) property acquisition and other transaction costs related to business combinations; and c) other miscellaneous non-comparable items. Normalized FFO presented herein is not necessarily comparable to Normalized FFO presented by other real estate companies due to the fact that not all real estate companies use the same methodology for computing this amount.

We believe that FFO and Normalized FFO are helpful to investors as supplemental measures of the performance of an equity REIT. We believe that by excluding the effect of depreciation, amortization, impairments, if any, and actual or estimated gains or losses from sales of real estate, all of which are based on historical costs and which may be of limited relevance in evaluating current performance, FFO can facilitate comparisons of operating performance between periods and among other equity REITs. We further believe that Normalized FFO provides useful information to investors, analysts and our management because it allows them to compare our operating performance to the operating performance of other real estate companies and between periods on a consistent basis without having to account for differences not related to our operations. For example, we believe that excluding the early extinguishment of debt, property acquisition and other transaction costs related to business combinations from Normalized FFO allows investors, analysts and our management to assess the sustainability of operating performance in future periods because these costs do not affect the future operations of the properties. In some cases, we provide information about identified non-cash components of FFO and Normalized FFO because it allows investors, analysts and our management to assess the impact of those items.

Equity LifeStyle Properties

Two North Riverside Plaza, Chicago, Illinois 60606
(800) 247-5279 | EquityLifeStyleProperties.com

