UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): February 28, 2017

EQUITY LIFESTYLE PROPERTIES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 1-11718 (Commission File No.) 36-3857664 (IRS Employer Identification Number)

Two North Riverside Plaza, Chicago, Illinois (Address of principal executive offices)

(312) 279-1400

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (*see* General Instruction A.2. below):

□ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

Dere-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

60606

(Zip Code)

Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition

Equity LifeStyle Properties, Inc. (referred to herein as "we," "us," and "our") hereby reaffirms previously issued guidance for our Net Income per Common Share (fully diluted), for the three months ending March 31, 2017 and year ending December 31, 2017, to be between \$0.60 and \$0.66 and \$2.11 and \$2.21, respectively.

We also reaffirm previously issued guidance for our Funds from Operations ("FFO") per Common Share (fully diluted), for the three months ending March 31, 2017 and year ending December 31, 2017, to be between \$0.95 and \$1.01 and \$3.48 and \$3.58, respectively.

We also reaffirm previously issued guidance for our Normalized Funds from Operations ("Normalized FFO") per Common Share (fully diluted) for the three months ending March 31, 2017 and year ending December 31, 2017, to be between \$0.95 and \$1.01 and \$3.48 and \$3.58, respectively.

The projected 2017 per Common Share amounts represent a range of possible outcomes and the mid-point of each range reflects management's best estimate of the most likely outcome. Actual figures could vary materially from these amounts if any of our assumptions are incorrect.

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure

From time to time, we will meet with analysts and investors and present a slide presentation. A copy of this slide presentation is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1 and is incorporated herein by reference. The presentation will be posted on our website, <u>www.equitylifestyleproperties.com</u>, on February 28, 2017. Included in this presentation is a discussion of our business and certain financial information regarding 2017 guidance.

In accordance with General Instruction B.2. of Form 8-K, the information included in items 2.02 and 7.01 of this Current Report of Form 8-K, including Exhibit 99.1, shall not be deemed to be "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that Section, nor shall such information be deemed incorporated by reference in any registration statement filed by Equity Lifestyle Properties, Inc. under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. We disclaim any intention or obligation to update or revise this information.

This report includes certain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. When used, words such as "anticipate," "expect," "believe," "project," "intend," "may be" and "will be" and similar words or phrases, or the negative thereof, unless the context requires otherwise, are intended to identify forward-looking statements and may include without limitation, information regarding our expectations, goals or intentions regarding the future, and the expected effect of our acquisitions. These forward-looking statements are subject to numerous assumptions, risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to:

- our ability to control costs, real estate market conditions, the actual rate of decline in customers, the actual use of Sites by customers and our success in acquiring new customers at our Properties (including those that we may acquire);
- our ability to maintain historical or increase future rental rates and occupancy with respect to Properties currently owned or that we may acquire;
- our ability to retain and attract customers renewing, upgrading and entering right-to-use contracts;
- our assumptions and guidance concerning 2017 estimated net income, FFO and Normalized FFO;
- our assumptions about rental and home sales markets;
- our ability to manage counter-party risk;
- in the age-qualified Properties, home sales results could be impacted by the ability of potential home buyers to sell their existing residences as well as by financial, credit and capital markets volatility;
- results from home sales and occupancy will continue to be impacted by local economic conditions, lack of affordable manufactured home financing and competition from alternative housing options including site-built single-family housing;
- impact of government intervention to stabilize site-built single family housing and not manufactured housing;
- · effective integration of recent acquisitions and our estimates regarding the future performance of recent acquisitions;
- the completion of future transactions in their entirety, if any, and timing and effective integration with respect thereto;
- unanticipated costs or unforeseen liabilities associated with recent acquisitions;

- ability to obtain financing or refinance existing debt on favorable terms or at all;
- the effect of interest rates;
- the dilutive effects of issuing additional securities;
- the effect of accounting for the entry of contracts with customers representing a right-to-use the Properties under the Codification Topic "*Revenue Recognition*";
- the outcome of pending or future lawsuits or actions brought against us, including those disclosed in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission; and
- other risks indicated from time to time in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

These forward-looking statements are based on management's present expectations and beliefs about future events. As with any projection or forecast, these statements are inherently susceptible to uncertainty and changes in circumstances. We are under no obligation to, and expressly disclaim any obligation to, update or alter our forward-looking statements whether as a result of such changes, new information, subsequent events or otherwise.

Equity LifeStyle Properties, Inc. is a fully integrated owner and operator of lifestyle-oriented properties and owns or has an interest in 391 quality properties in 32 states and British Columbia consisting of 146,610 sites. We are a self-administered, self-managed, real estate investment trust with headquarters in Chicago.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits

(d) Exhibits

Exhibit 99.1 Investor Presentation

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

EQUITY LIFESTYLE PROPERTIES, INC.

By: /s/ Paul Seavey

Paul Seavey Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

Date: February 28, 2017





One of the nation's largest real estate networks with 391 properties containing 146,610 sites in 32 states and British Columbia

Unique business model

- Own the land
- Low maintenance costs/customer turnover costs
- Lease developed sites

High-quality real estate locations

- More than 80 properties with lake, river or ocean frontage
- More than 100 properties within 10 miles of coastal United States
- Property locations are strongly correlated with population migration
- Property locations in retirement and vacation destinations

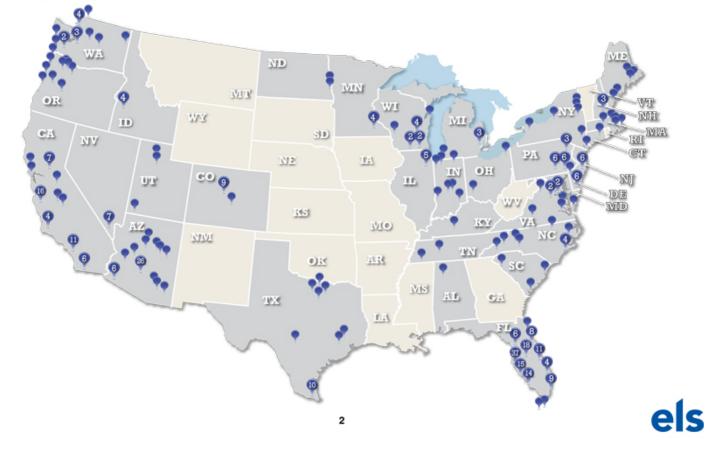
Stable, predictable financial performance and fundamentals

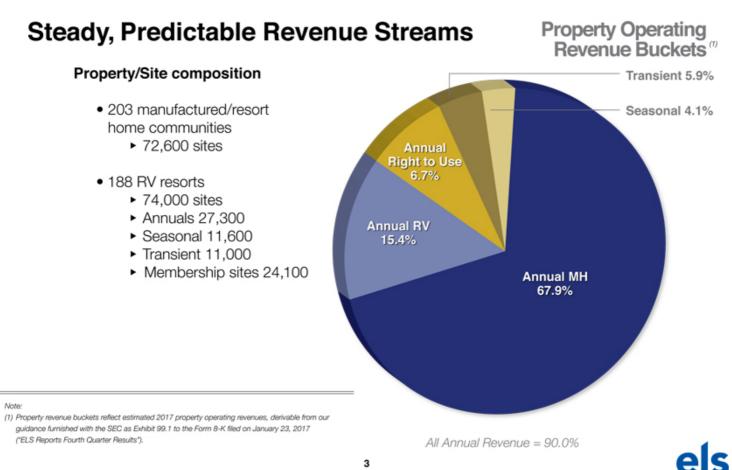
Balance sheet flexibility

In business for more than 40 years

1

Property Locations





Our Lifestyle Options

Customers own the units they place on our sites

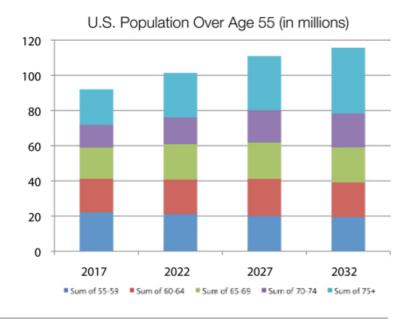
- Manufactured homes
- Resort cottages (park models)
- Recreational vehicles
- · We offer a lifestyle and a variety of product options to meet our customers' needs
- · We seek to create long-term relationships with our customers



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Favorable Customer Demographics

- The population of people age 55 and older is expected to grow 24% from 2017 to 2032
- Roughly 10,000 Baby Boomers will turn 65 every day through 2030





MH ► Average age: 59 years RV ► Average age: 55 years

Note:

Sources: US Census 2014, Acxiom 2014, Pew Research Center 2010.

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Track Record

Item	IPO Year - 1993	2017
Properties	41	391
Sites	12,312	146,610
States	16	32
Net Income Per Share	\$0.35	\$2.16
FFO Per Share (1)	\$0.47	\$3.53
Normalized FFO Per Shar	e ⁽¹⁾ \$0.47	\$3.53
Common Stock Price (2)	\$6.44	\$73.94
Enterprise Value (3)	\$296 million	\$9.1 billion
Dividend Paid Cumulative	.(4) -	\$20.97
Cumulative Total Return (5)	-	3,145%
S&P 500 Total Return (5)	-	728%

Note:

(1) See pages 12 and 13 for the reconciliation and definition of FFO and Normalized FFO. The 1993 amount was determined from amounts presented in the 1996 Form 10-K. The 2017 amounts are the midpoint of an estimate range.

See our guidance furnished with the SEC as Exhibit 99.1 to the Form 8-K filed on January 23, 2017. (2) The 1993 stock price is adjusted for stock splits; the 2017 price is the closing price as of January 31, 2017.

(3) The 2017 enterprise value is as of January 31, 2017. See page 9.

(4) Source: SNL Financial. Includes dividends paid from IPO date of February 25, 1993 through

January 31, 2017 and adjusted for stock splits.

(5) Source: SNL Financial from IPO through January 31, 2017 (calculation assumes common dividend reinvestment).

10-Year Total Return Performance



Total Return Performance Since IPO





Notes:

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Source: SNL Financial

Total return calculation assumes dividend reinvestment.

(2) SNL US REIT Equity; Includes all publicly traded (NYSE, NYSE Amex, NASDAQ,

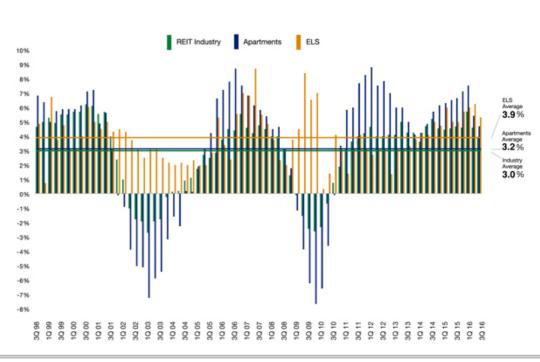
OTC BB, Pink Sheets) Equity REITs in SNL's coverage universe.

(3) Stock price date from IPO as of January 31, 2017.



Consistent Same Store NOI Growth and Outperformance

ELS has maintained positive same store NOI growth in all quarters since at least Q3 1998.



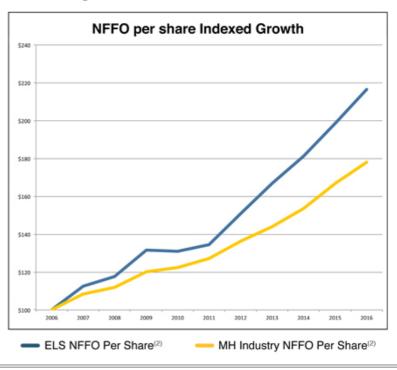
els

Note:

(1) Source for Same Store NOI data: Citi Investment Research, December 2016. Earliest quarter collected by Citi is third quarter of 1998. "REIT Industry" includes an index of REITs across a variety of asset classes, including regional malls, shopping centers, multifamily, student housing, manufactured homes, self storage, office, industrial, mixed office and specialty.

Comparison of ELS to MH Industry

ELS compounded NFFO⁽¹⁾ per share growth rates outperformed the REIT MH Industry since 2006.



Note:

(1) See pages 12 and 13 for the reconciliation and definition of Normalized FFO.

(2) Source: SNL Financial as of January 31, 2017. NFFO per share Indexed Growth assumes initial investment of \$100 multiplied by the Normalized FFO per share growth rate.



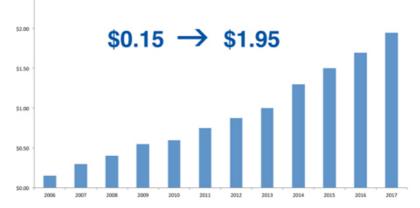
Dividend

- · 2017 \$1.95/share(1)
 - ▶ 15% increase
 - ► 7% FFO growth
- · Historical growth
 - 10 year CAGR of 27%⁽²⁾
- Tax treatment of dividend⁽³⁾

ELS

- 89% Ordinary Income
- 11% Return of Capital

Dividend per Share



REIT average

\$2.50

- 68% Ordinary Income
- 11% Capital Gains
- 21% Return of Capital

Note:

(2) Compound average growth rate through 2016.(3) Tax treatment of dividend in 2016.

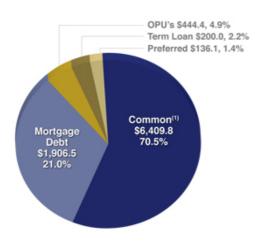


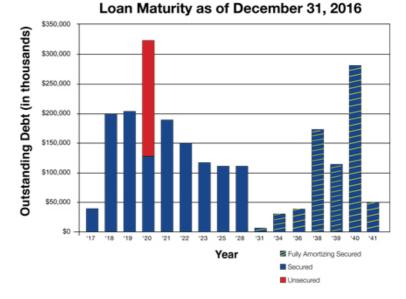
⁽¹⁾ On November 8, 2016, our Board approved setting the annual dividend rate for 2017 at \$1.95 per common share.

Capital Structure

As of January 31, 2017 (in millions)

- Total enterprise value is \$9.1 billion
- Debt to enterprise value is 23.2%
- \$400 million available line of credit





Note: (1) Stock price as of January 31, 2017.

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Performance Update

199 Manufactured Home Communities⁽¹⁾

- ► Core⁽²⁾ occupancy of 94% as of 01/31/2017
- Core occupancy has grown 29 consecutive quarters through 12/31/2016
- Core community base rental income growth for the month ended 01/31/2017 is 4.8%⁽³⁾

187 RV Resorts⁽¹⁾

- Core resort base rental income growth for the month ended 01/31/2016 is 2.4%⁽³⁾
- Core rental income growth rate from annuals for the month ended 01/31/2017 is 5.0%⁽³⁾

Note:



⁽¹⁾ Excludes joint venture properties.

⁽²⁾ Core Portfolio is defined as properties acquired prior to December 31, 2015.

The Core Portfolio may change from time-to-time depending on acquisitions, dispositions and significant transactions or unique situations. (3) Compared to the month ended January 31, 2016.

Safe Harbor Statement

Under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995:

The forward-looking statements contained in this presentation are subject to certain economic risks and uncertainties described under the heading "Risk Factors" in our 2016 Annual Report on Form 10-K. See Form 8-K filed January 23, 2017 for the full text of our forward-looking statements. We assume no obligation to update or supplement forward-looking statements that become untrue because of subsequent events. All projections are based on 2017 budgets, reforecasts and pro forma expectations on recent investments.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Net Income to FFO and Normalized FFO Reconciliation (in millions)

Computation of Funds From Operations (FFO)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 (1)
Net income available for common stockholders	\$54.8	\$106.9	\$118.7	\$130.1	\$164.0	\$185.3
Income allocated to common OP units	5.1	9.7	10.5	11.1	13.9	15.5
Right-to-use contract revenue and commissions deferred, net	3.5	3.3	2.9	2.7	2.9	2.9
Depreciation on real estate assets and other	100.0	102.7	101.2	104.0	108.0	110.3
Depreciation on rental homes	6.1	6.5	10.9	10.7	10.7	10.7
Depreciation on discontinued operations	-	1.5	-	-	-	-
Amortization of in-place leases	45.1	1.9	4.0	2.4	3.4	3.4
Gain on real estate	(4.6)	(41.5)	(1.5)			-
FFO available for common stock and OP unit holders	210.0	191.0	246.7	261.0	302.9	328.1
Change in fair value of contingent consideration asset	(0.5)	1.4	(0.1)	-	-	-
Transaction costs	0.2	2.0	1.6	1.1	1.2	-
Loss from early extinguishment of debt	0.5	37.9	5.1	16.9	-	-
Litigation settlement, net			-		2.4	-
Normalized FFO available for common stocks and OP unit holders	\$210.2	\$232.3	\$253.3	\$279.0	\$306.5	\$328.1

Note:

(1) The 2017 amounts are the midpoint of an estimate range. See our guidance furnished with the SEC as Exhibit 99.1 to the Form 8-K filed on January 23, 2017.



Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This document contains certain non-GAAP measures used by management that we believe are helpful in understanding our business, as further discussed in the paragraphs below. We believe investors should review Funds from Operations ("FFO"), and Normalized Funds from Operations ("Normalized FFO"), along with GAAP net income and cash flow from operating activities, investing activities and financing activities, when evaluating an equity REIT's operating performance. Our definitions and calculations of these non-GAAP financial and operating measures and other terms may differ from the definitions and methodologies used by other REITs and, accordingly, may not be comparable. These non-GAAP financial and operating measures do not represent cash generated from operating activities in accordance with GAAP, nor do they represent cash available to pay distributions and should not be considered as an alternative to net income, determined in accordance with GAAP, as an indication of our financial performance, or to cash flow from operating activities, determined in accordance with GAAP, as a measure of our liquidity, nor is it indicative of funds available to fund our cash needs, including our ability to make cash distributions.

FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS (FFO). We define FFO as net income, computed in accordance with GAAP, excluding gains and actual or estimated losses from sales of properties, plus real estate related depreciation and amortization, impairments, if any, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures. Adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures are calculated to reflect FFO on the same basis. We compute FFO in accordance with our interpretation of standards established by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT"), which may not be comparable to FFO reported by other REITs that do not define the term in accordance with the current NAREIT definition or that interpret the current NAREIT definition differently than we do. We receive up-front non-refundable payments from the entry of right-to-use contracts. In accordance with GAAP, the upfront non-refundable payments and related commissions are deferred and amortized over the estimated customer life. Although the NAREIT definition of FFO does not address the treatment of non-refundable right-to- use payments, we believe that it is appropriate to adjust for the impact of the deferral activity in our calculation of FFO.

We believe FFO, as defined by the Board of Governors of NAREIT, is generally a measure of performance for an equity REIT. While FFO is a relevant and widely used measure of operating performance for equity REITs, it does not represent cash flow from operations or net income as defined by GAAP, and it should not be considered as an alternative to these indicators in evaluating liquidity or operating performance.

NORMALIZED FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS (NORMALIZED FFO). We define Normalized FFO as FFO excluding the following non-operating income and expense items: a) the financial impact of contingent consideration; b) gains and losses from early debt extinguishment, including prepayment penalties and defeasance costs; c) property acquisition and other transaction costs related to mergers and acquisitions; and d) other miscellaneous non-comparable items. Normalized FFO presented herein is not necessarily comparable to Normalized FFO presented by other real estate companies due to the fact that not all real estate companies use the same methodology for computing this amount.



