
**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT
Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d)
of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): September 12, 2016

EQUITY LIFESTYLE PROPERTIES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

1-11718
(Commission
File No.)

36-3857664
(IRS Employer
Identification Number)

Two North Riverside Plaza, Chicago, Illinois
(Address of principal executive offices)

60606
(Zip Code)

(312) 279-1400
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

- ☐ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
 - ☐ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
 - ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
 - ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))
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Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition

Equity LifeStyle Properties, Inc. (referred to herein as “we,” “us,” and “our”) hereby reaffirms previously issued guidance for our Net income per Common Share (fully diluted), for the three months ending September 30, 2016 and the year ending December 31, 2016, to be between \$0.46 and \$0.52 and \$1.91 and \$2.01, respectively.

We also reaffirm previously issued guidance for our Funds from Operations (“FFO”) per Common Share (fully diluted), for the three months ending September 30, 2016 and year ending December 31, 2016, to be between \$0.79 and \$0.85 and \$3.22 and \$3.32, respectively.

We also reaffirm previously issued guidance for our Normalized Funds from Operations (“Normalized FFO”) per Common Share (fully diluted) for the three months ending September 30, 2016 and the year ending December 31, 2016 to be between \$0.79 and \$0.85 and \$3.23 and \$3.33, respectively.

The projected 2016 per Common Share amounts represent a range of possible outcomes and the mid-point of each range reflects management’s best estimate of the most likely outcome. Actual figures could vary materially from these amounts if any of our assumptions are incorrect.

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure

From time to time, we will meet with analysts and investors and present a slide presentation. A copy of this slide presentation is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1 and is incorporated herein by reference. The presentation will be posted on our website, www.equitylifestyle.com, on September 12, 2016. Included in this presentation is a discussion of our business and certain financial information regarding 2016 guidance.

In accordance with General Instruction B.2. of Form 8-K, the information included in items 2.02 and 7.01 of this Current Report of Form 8-K, including Exhibit 99.1, shall not be deemed to be “filed” for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that Section. Nor shall the information in this Current Report be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. We disclaim any intention or obligation to update or revise this information.

This report included certain “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. When used, words such as “anticipate,” “expect,” “believe,” “project,” “intend,” “may be,” and “will be” and similar words or phrases, or the negative thereof, unless the context requires otherwise, are intended to identify forward-looking statements and may include, without limitation, information regarding our expectations, goals or intentions regarding the future and the expected effect of our acquisitions. These forward-looking statements are subject to numerous assumptions, risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to:

- our ability to control costs, real estate market conditions, the actual rate of decline in customers, the actual use of sites by customers and our success in acquiring new customers at our properties (including those that we may acquire);
- our ability to maintain historical or increase future rental rates and occupancy with respect to properties currently owned or that we may acquire;
- our ability to retain and attract customers renewing, upgrading and entering right-to-use contracts;
- our assumptions about rental and home sales markets;
- our assumptions and guidance concerning 2016 estimated net income, FFO and Normalized FFO;
- our ability to manage counterparty risk;
- in the age-qualified properties, home sales results could be impacted by the ability of potential home buyers to sell their existing residences as well as by financial, credit and capital markets volatility;
- results from home sales and occupancy will continue to be impacted by local economic conditions, lack of affordable manufactured home financing and competition from alternative housing options including site-built single-family housing;
- impact of government intervention to stabilize site-built single family housing and not manufactured housing;
- effective integration of recent acquisitions and our estimates regarding the future performance of recent acquisitions;
- the completion of future transactions in their entirety, if any, and timing and effective integration with respect thereto;

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- unanticipated costs or unforeseen liabilities associated with recent acquisitions;
 - ability to obtain financing or refinance existing debt on favorable terms or at all;
 - the effect of interest rates;
 - the dilutive effects of issuing additional securities;
 - the effect of accounting for the entry of contracts with customers representing a right-to-use the properties under the Codification Topic “*Revenue Recognition*”;
 - the outcome of pending or future lawsuits filed against us, including those disclosed in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, by tenant groups seeking to limit rent increases and/or seeking large damage awards for our alleged failure to properly maintain certain properties or other tenant related matters, such as the case currently pending in the California Court of Appeal, Sixth Appellate District, Case No. H041913, involving our California Hawaiian manufactured home property, including any further proceedings on appeal or in the trial court; and
 - other risks indicated from time to time in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

These forward-looking statements are based on management’s present expectations and beliefs about future events. As with any projection or forecast, these statements are inherently susceptible to uncertainty and changes in circumstances. We are under no obligation to, and expressly disclaim any obligation to, update or alter our forward-looking statements whether as a result of such changes, new information, subsequent events or otherwise.

We own or have an interest in 390 quality properties in 32 states and British Columbia consisting of 145,804 sites. We are a self-administered, self-managed real estate investment trust (“REIT”) with headquarters in Chicago.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits

(d) Exhibits

Exhibit 99.1 Investor Presentation

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

EQUITY LIFESTYLE PROPERTIES, INC.

By: /s/ Paul Seavey

Paul Seavey

Executive Vice President,

Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

Date: September 12, 2016

Equity LifeStyle Properties

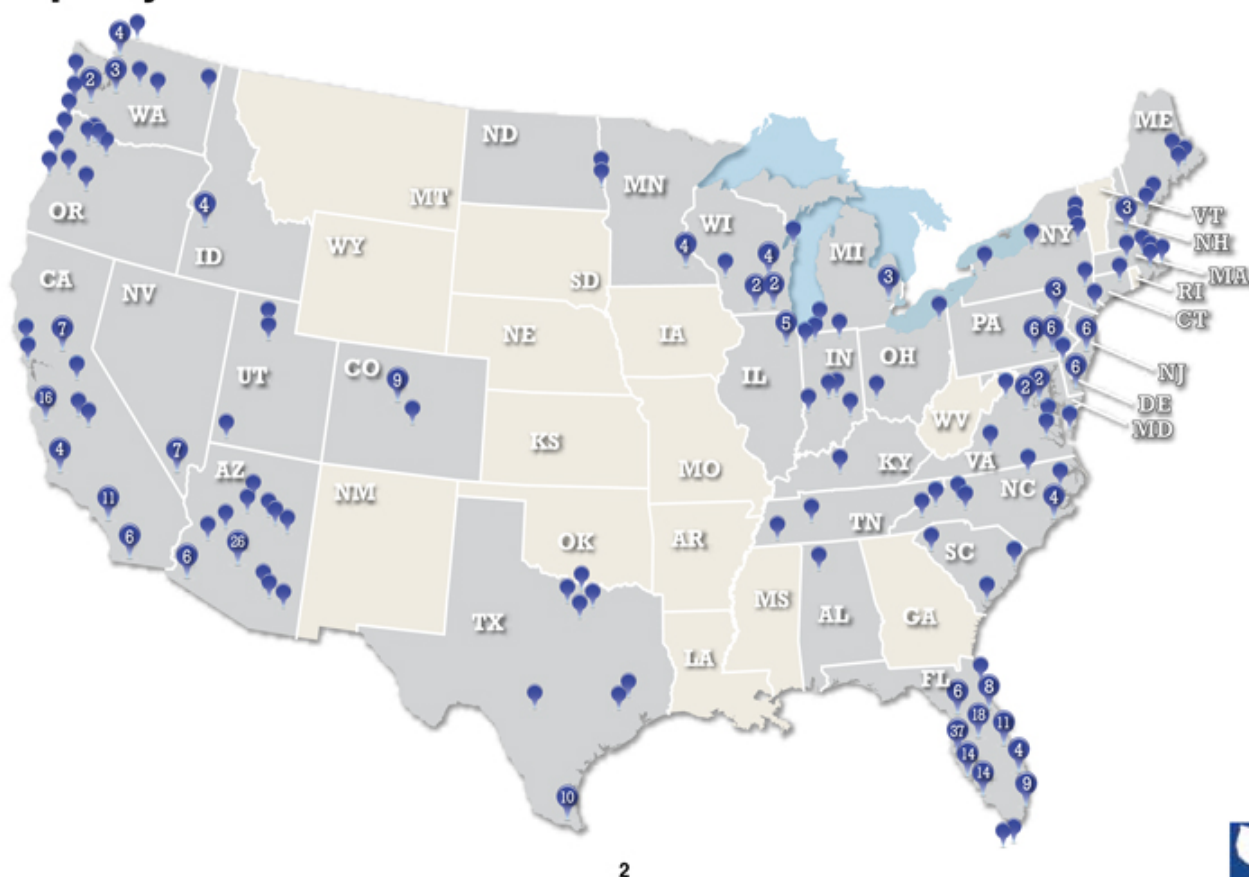


Our Story

- **One of the nation's largest real estate networks with 390 properties containing 145,804 sites in 32 states and British Columbia**
- **Unique business model**
 - ▶ Own the land
 - ▶ Low maintenance costs/customer turnover costs
 - ▶ Lease developed sites
- **High-quality real estate locations**
 - ▶ More than 80 properties with lake, river or ocean frontage
 - ▶ More than 100 properties within 10 miles of coastal United States
 - ▶ Property locations are strongly correlated with population migration
 - ▶ Property locations in retirement and vacation destinations
- **Stable, predictable financial performance and fundamentals**
 - ▶ Balance sheet flexibility
- **In business for more than 40 years**



Property Locations

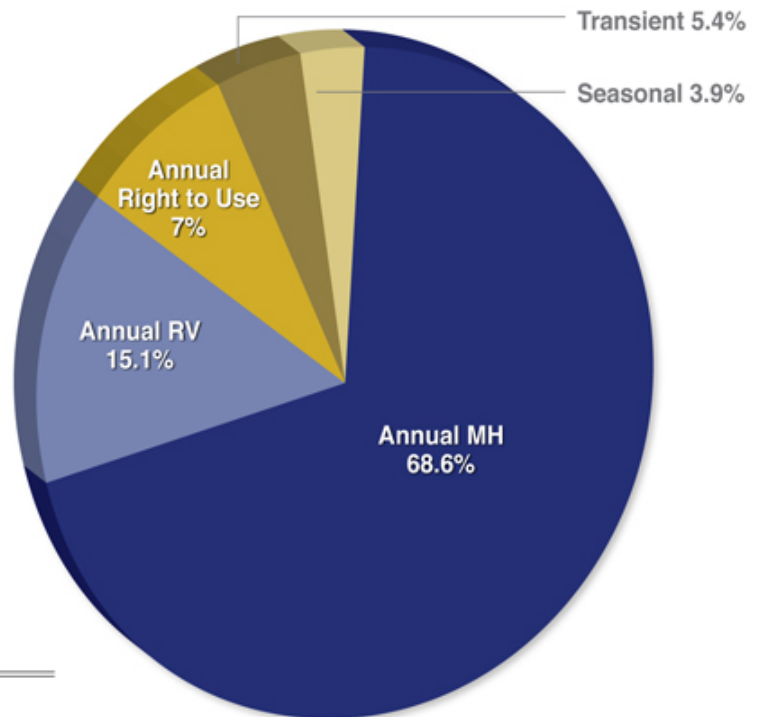


Steady, Predictable Revenue Streams

Property Operating Revenue Buckets ⁽¹⁾

Property/Site composition

- 203 manufactured/resort home communities
 - ▶ 72,500 sites
- 187 RV resorts
 - ▶ 73,300 sites
 - ▶ Annuals 27,200
 - ▶ Seasonal 11,100
 - ▶ Transient 10,900
 - ▶ Membership sites 24,100



All Annual Revenue = 90.7%

Note:

(1) Property revenue buckets reflect estimated 2016 property operating revenues, derivable from our guidance furnished with the SEC as Exhibit 99.1 to the Form 8-K filed on July 19, 2016 ("ELS Reports Second Quarter Results").



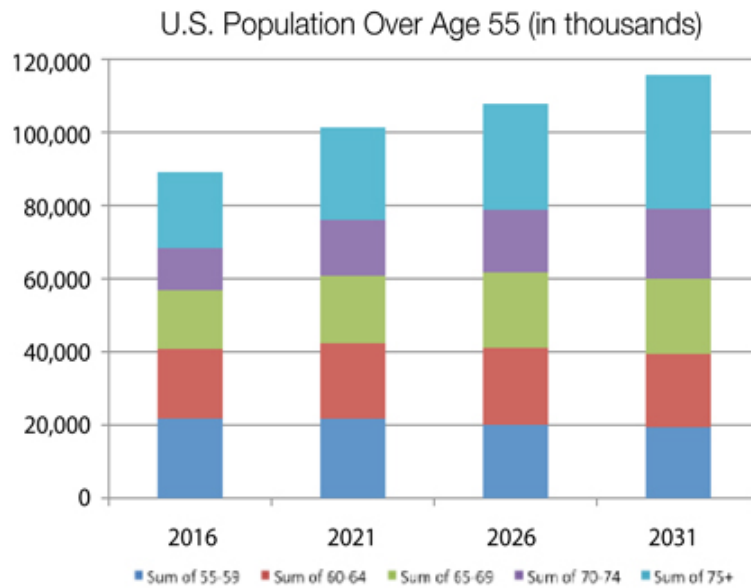
Our Lifestyle Options

- **Customers own the units they place on our sites**
 - ▶ Manufactured homes
 - ▶ Resort cottages (park models)
 - ▶ Recreational vehicles
- **We offer a lifestyle and a variety of product options to meet our customers' needs**
- **We seek to create long-term relationships with our customers**



Favorable Customer Demographics

- The population of people age 55 and older is expected to grow 26% from 2016 to 2031
- Roughly 10,000 Baby Boomers will turn 65 every day through 2030



New Residents

MH ▶ Average age: 59 years

RV ▶ Average age: 55 years

Note:
Sources: US Census 2014, Axiom 2014, Pew Research Center 2010.



Track Record

Item	IPO Year - 1993	2016
Properties	41	390
Sites	12,312	145,804
States	16	32
Net Income Per Share	\$0.35	\$1.96
FFO Per Share ⁽¹⁾	\$0.47	\$3.27
Normalized FFO Per Share ⁽¹⁾	\$0.47	\$3.28
Common Stock Price ⁽²⁾	\$6.44	\$82.24
Enterprise Value ⁽³⁾	\$296 million	\$9.8 billion
Dividend Paid Cumulative ⁽⁴⁾	-	\$20.12
Cumulative Total Return ⁽⁵⁾	-	3,468%
S&P 500 Total Return ⁽⁵⁾	-	682%

Note:

- (1) See pages 11 and 12 for the reconciliation and definition of FFO and Normalized FFO. The 1993 amount was determined from amounts presented in the 1996 Form 10-K. The 2016 amounts are the midpoint of an estimate range. See our guidance furnished with the SEC as Exhibit 99.1 to the Form 8-K filed on July 19, 2016.
- (2) The 1993 stock price is adjusted for stock splits; the 2016 price is the closing price as of July 29, 2016.
- (3) The 2016 enterprise value is as of July 31, 2016. See page 9.
- (4) Source: SNL Financial. Includes dividends paid from IPO date of February 25, 1993 through July 31, 2016 and adjusted for stock splits.
- (5) Source: SNL Financial from IPO through July 31, 2016 (calculation assumes common dividend reinvestment).

10-Year Total Return Performance



Total Return Performance Since IPO



Notes:

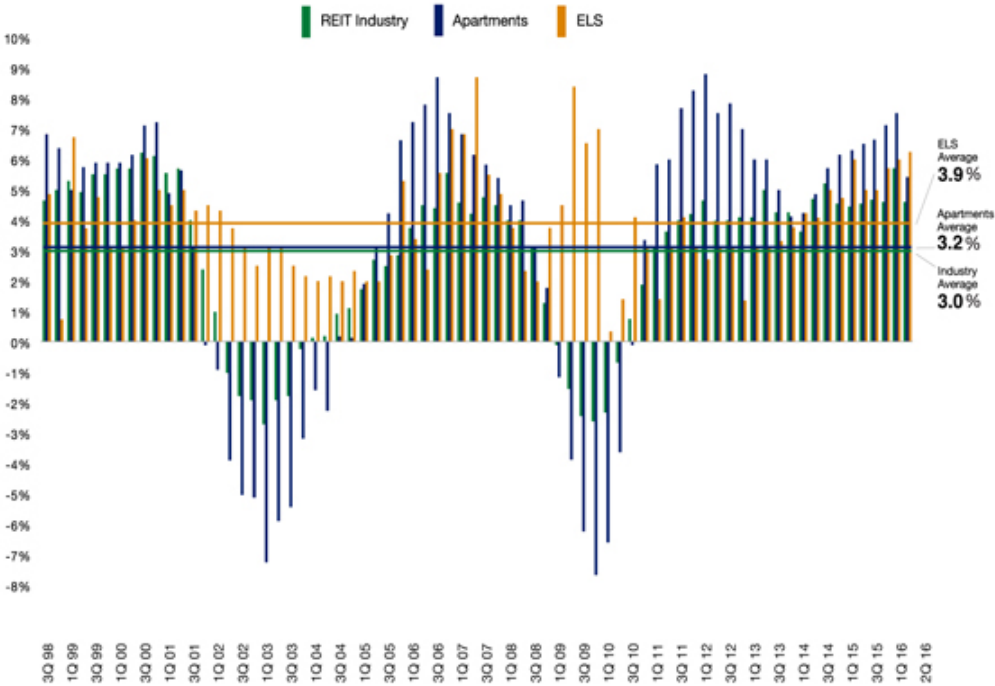
Source: SNL Financial

- (1) Total return calculation assumes dividend reinvestment.
- (2) SNL US REIT Equity; Includes all publicly traded (NYSE, NYSE Amex, NASDAQ, OTC BB, Pink Sheets) Equity REITs in SNL's coverage universe.
- (3) Stock price date from IPO as of July 29, 2016.



Consistent Same Store NOI Growth and Outperformance

ELS has maintained positive same store NOI growth in all quarters since at least Q3 1998.

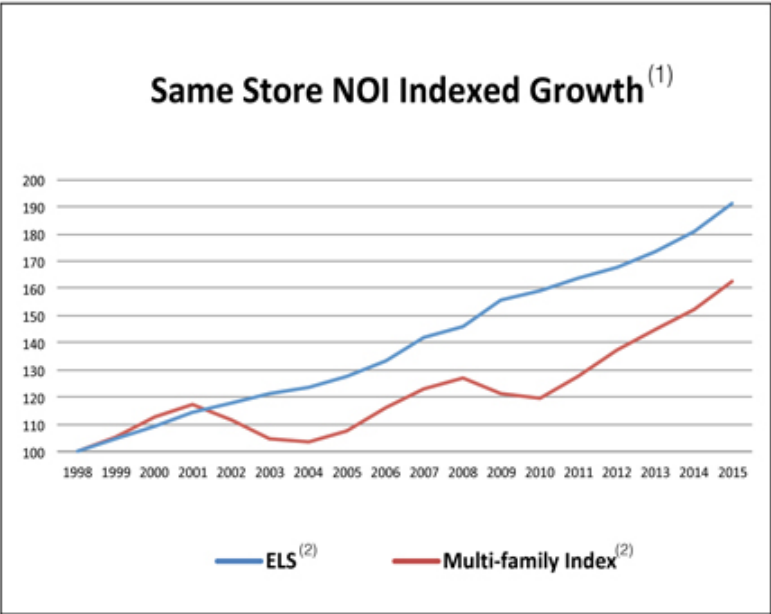


Note:
 (1) Source for Same Store NOI data: Citi Investment Research, Aug 2016. Earliest quarter collected by Citi is third quarter of 1998. "REIT Industry" includes an index of REITs across a variety of asset classes, including regional malls, shopping centers, multifamily, student housing, manufactured homes, self storage, office, industrial, mixed office and specialty.



Comparison of ELS to Multifamily

ELS compounded Same Store NOI growth rates significantly outperformed the REIT Multifamily industry since 1999.



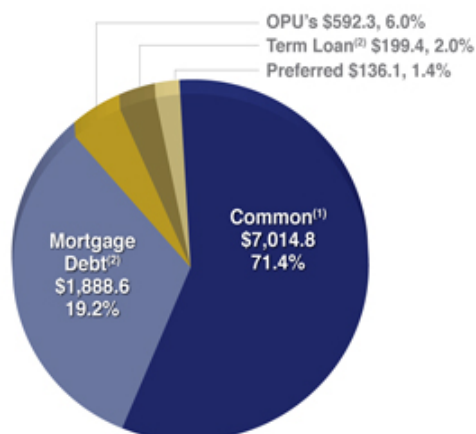
Note:
(1) Source: Citi Investment Research, May 2016. Same Store Indexed Growth assumes initial investment of \$100 multiplied by the annual same store NOI growth rate.
(2) Source: Citi Investment Research, May 2016. Averages equal annualized quarterly same store NOI averages collected by Citi.



Capital Structure

As of July 31, 2016 (in millions)

- Total enterprise value is \$9.8 billion
- Debt to enterprise value is 21.2%
- \$400 million available line of credit

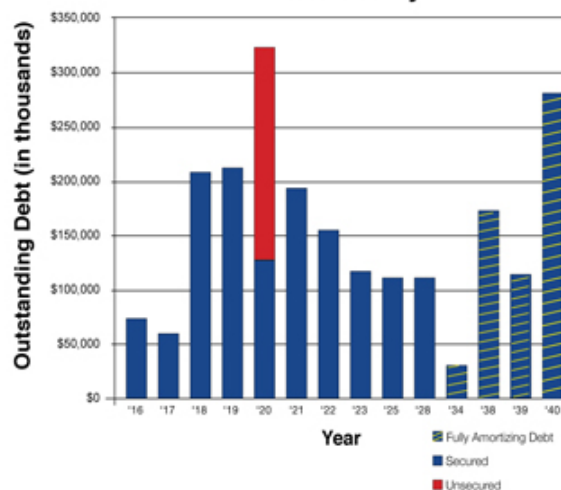


Note:

(1) Stock price as of July 29, 2016.

(2) Mortgage debt and term loan include deferred financing costs of \$18.0 million and \$0.7 million, respectively.

Debt Maturity



Performance Update

• 199 Manufactured Home Communities⁽¹⁾

- ▶ Core⁽²⁾ occupancy of 94% as of 08/31/2016
- ▶ Core occupancy has grown 27 consecutive quarters through 06/30/2016
- ▶ Core community base rental income growth for the two months ended 08/31/2016 is 4.6%⁽³⁾

• 186 RV Resorts⁽¹⁾

- ▶ Core resort base rental income growth for the two months ended 08/31/2016 is 6.6%⁽³⁾
- ▶ Core rental income growth rate from annuals for the two months ended 08/31/2016 is 5.5%⁽³⁾
- ▶ Core rental income growth rate from transients for the two months ended 08/31/2016 is 9.4%⁽³⁾

Note:

(1) Excludes joint venture properties.

(2) Core Portfolio is defined as properties acquired prior to December 31, 2014.

The Core Portfolio may change from time-to-time depending on acquisitions, dispositions and significant transactions or unique situations.

(3) Compared to the two months ended August 31, 2015.



Safe Harbor Statement

Under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995:

The forward-looking statements contained in this presentation are subject to certain economic risks and uncertainties described under the heading "Risk Factors" in our 2015 Annual Report on Form 10-K and our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2016. See Form 8-K filed July 19, 2016 for the full text of our forward-looking statements. We assume no obligation to update or supplement forward-looking statements that become untrue because of subsequent events. All projections are based on 2016 budgets, reforecasts and pro forma expectations on recent investments.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Net Income to FFO and Normalized FFO Reconciliation (in millions)

Computation of Funds From Operations (FFO)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016 ⁽¹⁾
Net income available for common stockholders	\$54.8	\$106.9	\$118.7	\$130.1	\$167.6
Income allocated to common OP units	5.1	9.7	10.5	11.1	14.2
Right-to-use contract revenue and commissions deferred, net	3.5	3.3	2.9	2.7	2.5
Depreciation on real estate assets and other	100.0	102.7	101.2	104.0	106.5
Depreciation on rental homes	6.1	6.5	10.9	10.7	10.6
Depreciation on discontinued operations	-	1.5	-	-	-
Amortization of in-place leases	45.1	1.9	4.0	2.4	1.1
Gain on real estate	(4.6)	(41.5)	(1.5)	-	-
FFO available for common stock and OP unit holders	210.0	191.0	246.7	261.0	302.5
Change in fair value of contingent consideration asset	(0.5)	1.4	(0.1)	-	-
Transaction costs	0.2	2.0	1.6	1.1	0.6
Loss from early extinguishment of debt	0.5	37.9	5.1	16.9	-
Normalized FFO available for common stocks and OP unit holders	\$210.2	\$232.3	\$253.3	\$279.0	\$303.1

Note:

(1) The 2016 amounts are the midpoint of an estimate range. See our guidance furnished with the SEC as Exhibit 99.1 to the Form 8-K filed on July 19, 2016.



Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This document contains certain non-GAAP measures used by management that we believe are helpful in understanding our business, as further discussed in the paragraphs below. We believe investors should review Funds from Operations ("FFO"), and Normalized Funds from Operations ("Normalized FFO"), along with GAAP net income and cash flow from operating activities, investing activities and financing activities, when evaluating an equity REIT's operating performance. Our definitions and calculations of these non-GAAP financial and operating measures and other terms may differ from the definitions and methodologies used by other REITs and, accordingly, may not be comparable. These non-GAAP financial and operating measures do not represent cash generated from operating activities in accordance with GAAP, nor do they represent cash available to pay distributions and should not be considered as an alternative to net income, determined in accordance with GAAP, as an indication of our financial performance, or to cash flow from operating activities, determined in accordance with GAAP, as a measure of our liquidity, nor is it indicative of funds available to fund our cash needs, including our ability to make cash distributions.

FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS (FFO). We define FFO as net income, computed in accordance with GAAP, excluding gains and actual or estimated losses from sales of properties, plus real estate related depreciation and amortization, impairments, if any, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures. Adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures are calculated to reflect FFO on the same basis. We compute FFO in accordance with our interpretation of standards established by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT"), which may not be comparable to FFO reported by other REITs that do not define the term in accordance with the current NAREIT definition or that interpret the current NAREIT definition differently than we do. We receive up-front non-refundable payments from the entry of right-to-use contracts. In accordance with GAAP, the upfront non-refundable payments and related commissions are deferred and amortized over the estimated customer life. Although the NAREIT definition of FFO does not address the treatment of non-refundable right-to-use payments, we believe that it is appropriate to adjust for the impact of the deferral activity in our calculation of FFO.

We believe FFO, as defined by the Board of Governors of NAREIT, is generally a measure of performance for an equity REIT. While FFO is a relevant and widely used measure of operating performance for equity REITs, it does not represent cash flow from operations or net income as defined by GAAP, and it should not be considered as an alternative to these indicators in evaluating liquidity or operating performance.

NORMALIZED FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS (NORMALIZED FFO). We define Normalized FFO as FFO excluding the following non-operating income and expense items: a) the financial impact of contingent consideration; b) gains and losses from early debt extinguishment, including prepayment penalties and defeasance costs; c) property acquisition and other transaction costs related to mergers and acquisitions; and d) other miscellaneous non-comparable items. Normalized FFO presented herein is not necessarily comparable to Normalized FFO presented by other real estate companies due to the fact that not all real estate companies use the same methodology for computing this amount.



Equity LifeStyle Properties

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