

Equity LifeStyle Properties



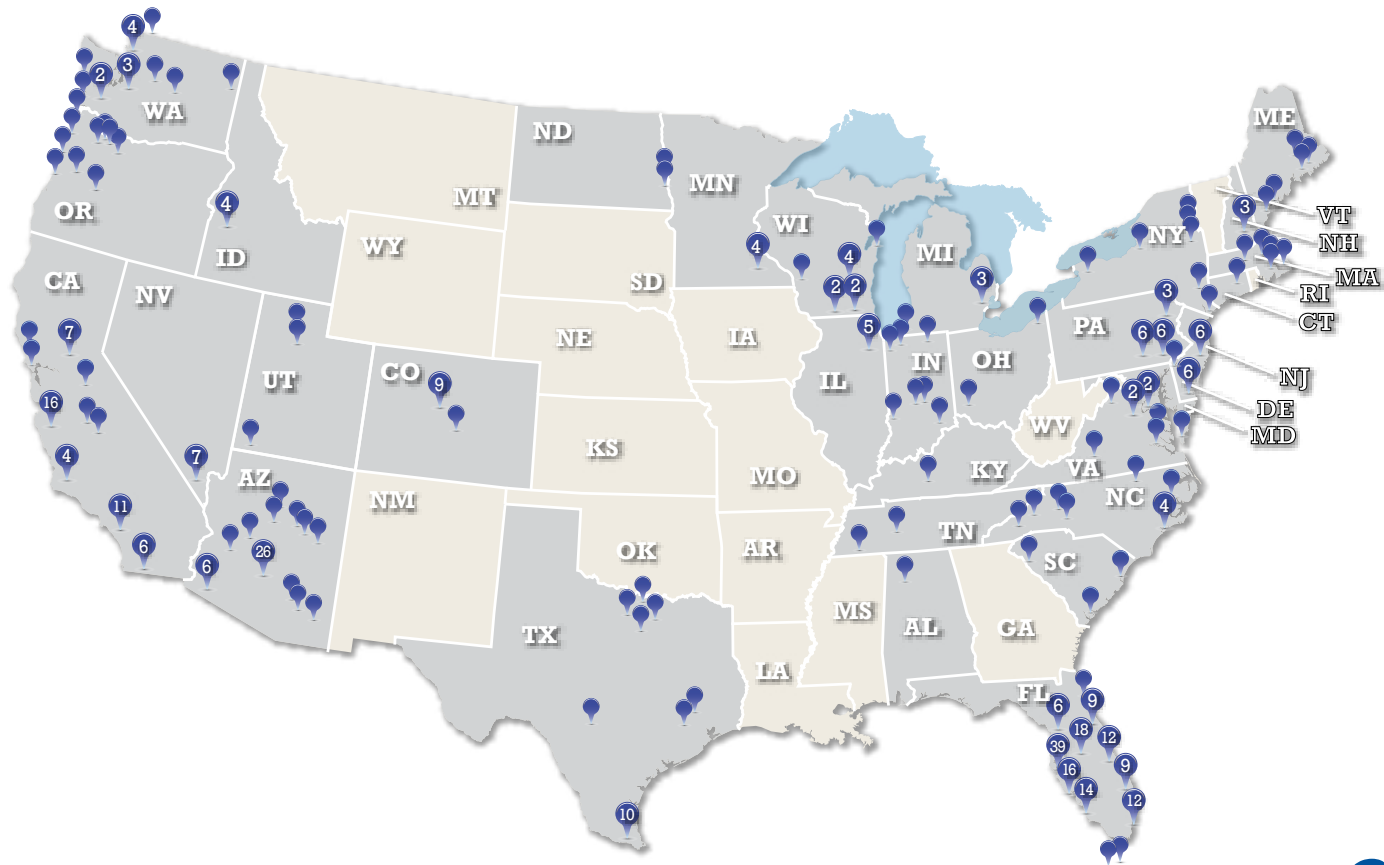
els



# Our Story

- **One of the nation's largest real estate networks with 404 properties containing 149,450 sites in 32 states and British Columbia**
- **Unique business model**
  - ▶ Own the land
  - ▶ Low maintenance costs/customer turnover costs
  - ▶ Lease developed sites
- **High-quality real estate locations**
  - ▶ More than 90 properties with lake, river or ocean frontage
  - ▶ More than 100 properties within 10 miles of coastal United States
  - ▶ Property locations are strongly correlated with population migration
  - ▶ Property locations in retirement and vacation destinations
- **Stable, predictable financial performance and fundamentals**
  - ▶ Balance sheet flexibility
- **In business for more than 40 years**

## Property Locations

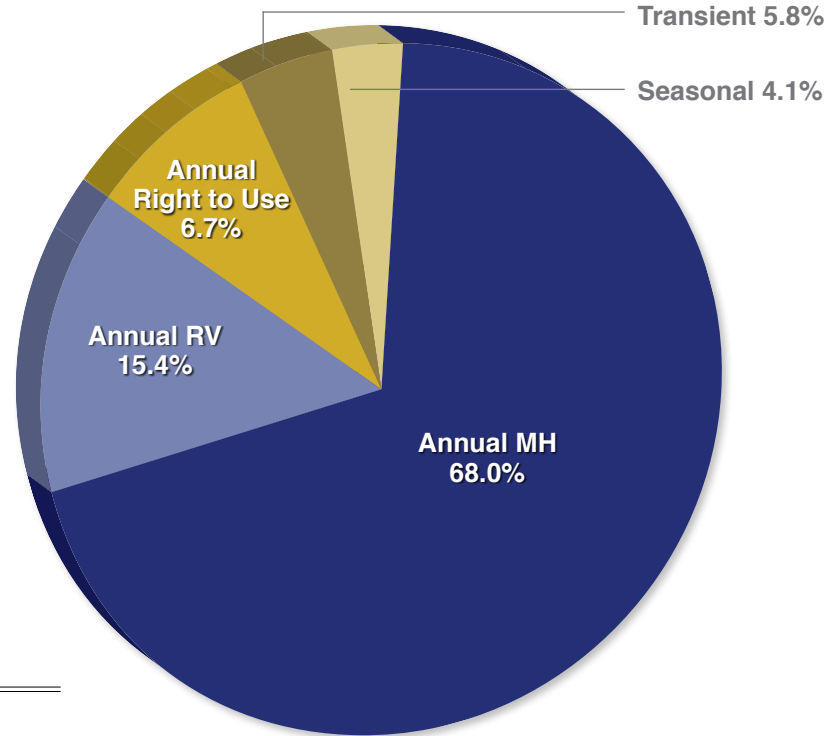


# Steady, Predictable Revenue Streams

## Property/Site composition <sup>(1)</sup>

- 205 manufactured/resort home communities
  - ▶ 73,000 sites
- 188 RV resorts
  - ▶ 74,000 sites
  - ▶ Annuals 27,300
  - ▶ Seasonal 11,600
  - ▶ Transient 11,000
  - ▶ Membership sites 24,100

## Property Operating Revenue Buckets <sup>(2)</sup>



All Annual Revenue = 90.1%

Note:

(1) Property and site counts exclude Marina JV investment properties.

(2) Property operating revenue buckets reflect estimated 2017 property operating revenues, derivable from our guidance included in Exhibit 99.1 to the Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 18, 2017 ("ELS Reports Second Quarter Results").



# Our Lifestyle Options

- **Customers own the units they place on our sites**
  - ▶ Manufactured homes
  - ▶ Resort cottages (park models)
  - ▶ Recreational vehicles
- **We offer a lifestyle and a variety of product options to meet our customers' needs**
- **We seek to create long-term relationships with our customers**



Manufactured Home



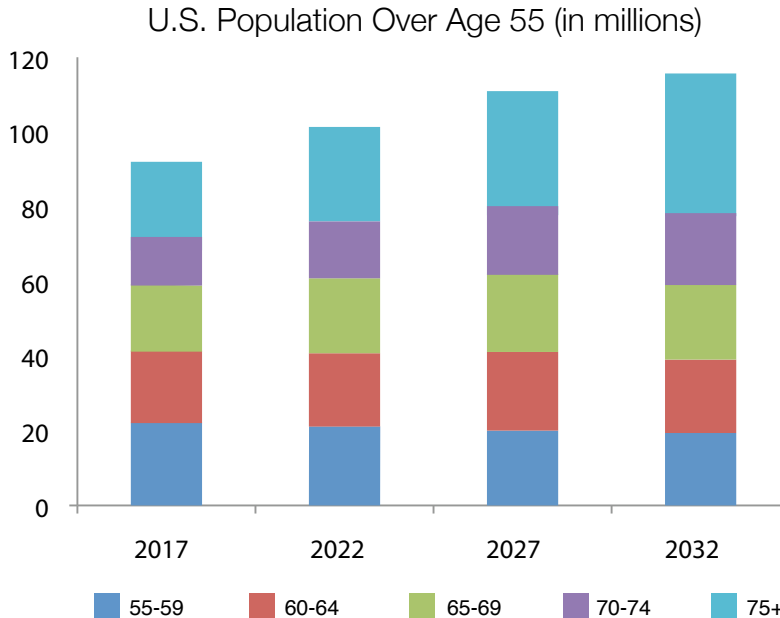
RV Resort Cottage



RV Site

# Favorable Customer Demographics

- The population of people age 55 and older is expected to grow 24% from 2017 to 2032
- Roughly 10,000 Baby Boomers will turn 65 every day through 2030



## New Residents

**MH** ▶ Average age: 59 years

**RV** ▶ Average age: 55 years

Note:

Sources: US Census 2014, Axiom 2014, Pew Research Center 2010.

# Track Record

Item	IPO Year - 1993	2017
Properties	41	404
Sites	12,312	149,450
States	16	32
Net Income Per Share	\$0.35	\$2.19
FFO Per Share <sup>(1)</sup>	\$0.47	\$3.57
Normalized FFO Per Share <sup>(1)</sup>	\$0.47	\$3.57
Common Stock Price <sup>(2)</sup>	\$6.44	\$89.15
Enterprise Value <sup>(3)</sup>	\$296 million	\$10.5 billion
Dividend Paid Cumulative <sup>(4)</sup>	-	\$21.95
Cumulative Total Return <sup>(5)</sup>	-	3,860%
S&P 500 Total Return <sup>(5)</sup>	-	810%

**Note:**

- (1) See pages 15 and 16 for the reconciliation and definition of FFO and Normalized FFO. The 1993 amount was determined from amounts presented in the 1996 Form 10-K. The 2017 amounts are the midpoint of an estimate range. See our guidance included in Exhibit 99.1 to the Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 18, 2017.
- (2) The 1993 stock price is adjusted for stock splits; the 2017 price is the closing price as of August 31, 2017.
- (3) The 2017 enterprise value is as of August 31, 2017. See page 9.
- (4) Source: SNL Financial. Includes dividends paid from IPO date of February 25, 1993 through August 31, 2017 and adjusted for stock splits.
- (5) Source: SNL Financial from IPO through August 31, 2017 (calculation assumes common dividend reinvestment).

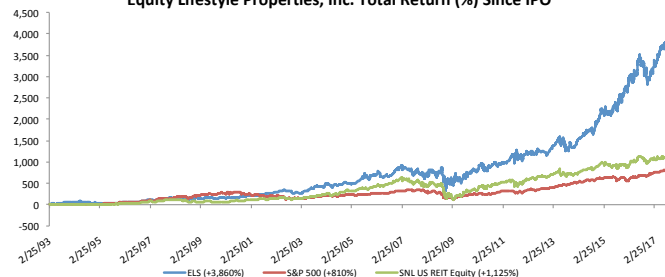
## 10-Year Total Return Performance

Equity Lifestyle Properties, Inc. - 10 Years Total Return (%)



## Total Return Performance Since IPO

Equity Lifestyle Properties, Inc. Total Return (%) Since IPO



**Notes:**

Source: SNL Financial

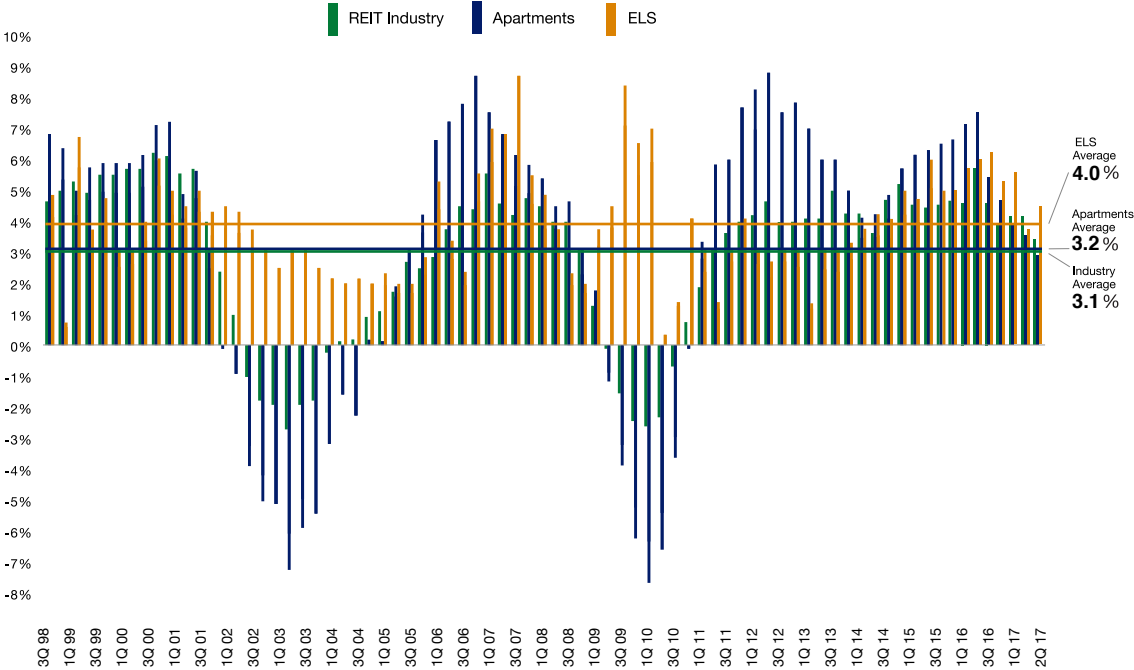
- (1) Total return calculation assumes dividend reinvestment.
- (2) SNL US REIT Equity; Includes all publicly traded (NYSE, NYSE Amex, NASDAQ, OTC BB, Pink Sheets) Equity REITs in SNL's coverage universe.
- (3) Stock price date from IPO as of August 31, 2017.





# Consistent Same Store NOI Growth and Outperformance

ELS has maintained positive same store NOI growth in all quarters since at least Q3 1998.



Note:  
 (1) Source for Same Store NOI data: Citi Investment Research, August 2017. Earliest quarter collected by Citi is third quarter of 1998. "REIT Industry" includes an index of REITs across a variety of asset classes, including regional malls, shopping centers, multifamily, student housing, manufactured homes, self storage, office, industrial, mixed office and specialty.

# Dividend

- **2017 - \$1.95/share<sup>(1)</sup>**

- ▶ 15% increase
- ▶ 9% FFO growth

- **Historical growth**

- ▶ 5 year CAGR <sup>(2)</sup>
  - ▶ ELS 18%
  - ▶ REIT Average 7%<sup>(3)</sup>

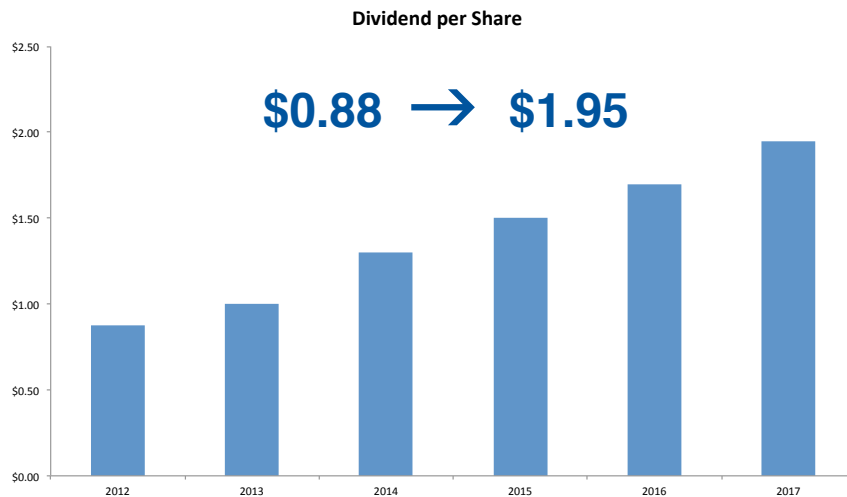
- **Tax treatment of dividend<sup>(4)</sup>**

## ELS

- ▶ 89% Ordinary Income
- ▶ 11% Return of Capital

## REIT average

- ▶ 68% Ordinary Income
- ▶ 11% Capital Gains
- ▶ 21% Return of Capital



Note:

(1) On November 8, 2016, our Board approved setting the annual dividend rate for 2017 at \$1.95 per common share.

(2) Compound average growth rate through 2016.

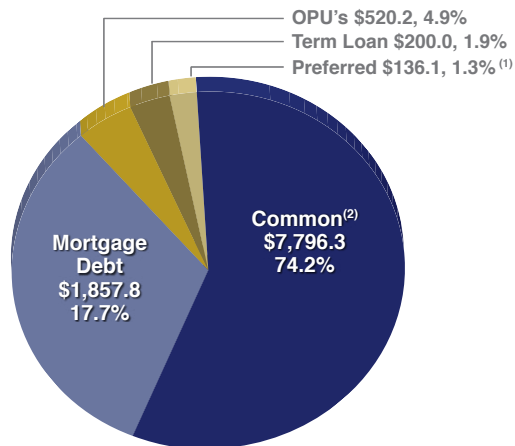
(3) Source: SNL Financial; Includes all publicly traded U.S. Equity REITs in SNL's coverage universe that declared regular dividends during the period January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2016.

(4) Tax treatment of dividend in 2016.

# Capital Structure

As of August 31, 2017 (in millions)

- Total enterprise value is \$10.5 billion
- Debt to enterprise value is 19.6%
- \$400 million available line of credit

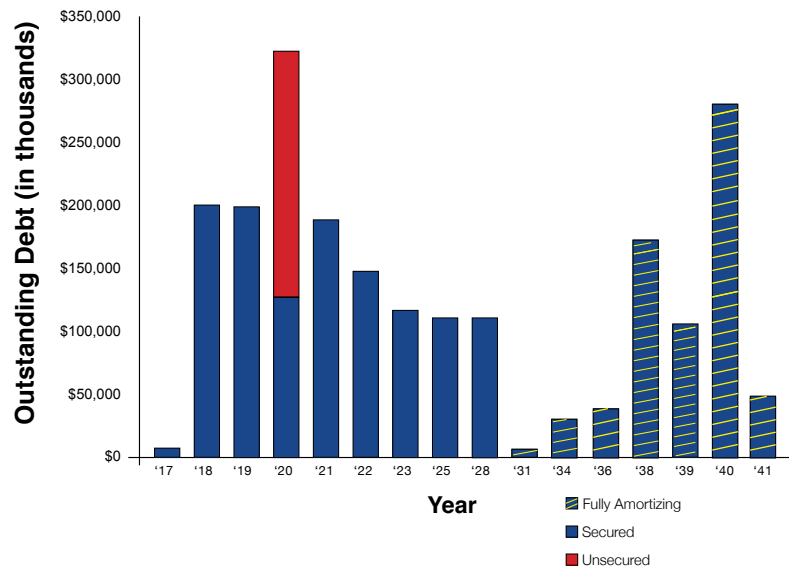


Note:

(1) Notice of redemption has been sent with a September 25, 2017 redemption date.  
See Exhibit 99.1 to the Form 8-K filed with the SEC on August 24, 2017.

(2) Stock price as of August 31, 2017.

Loan Maturity as of June 30, 2017



# Performance Update

- **199 Manufactured Home Communities<sup>(1)</sup>**
  - ▶ Core<sup>(2)</sup> occupancy of 94% as of 08/31/2017
  - ▶ Core occupancy has grown 31 consecutive quarters through 06/30/2017
  - ▶ Core community base rental income growth for the two months ended 08/31/2017 is 5.0%<sup>(3)</sup>
- **187 RV Resorts<sup>(1)</sup>**
  - ▶ Core resort base rental income growth for the two months ended 08/31/2017 is 6.0%<sup>(3)</sup>
  - ▶ Core rental income growth rate from annuals for the two months ended 08/31/2017 is 5.6%<sup>(3)</sup>

# Investment Activity

- **\$30 Million Investment for a 49% Interest in Loggerhead Marina Portfolio**
- **11 Marinas**
  - ▶ Over 2,300 slips
- **Prime Coastal Florida Locations**
  - ▶ All located within 15 miles of existing ELS assets
- **Suntex Marina Investors, LLC**
  - ▶ Owns/operates 44 marinas with over 16,000 slips

Note:

(1) Excludes joint venture properties.

(2) Core Portfolio is defined as properties acquired prior to December 31, 2015.

The Core Portfolio may change from time-to-time depending on acquisitions, dispositions and significant transactions or unique situations.

(3) Compared to the two months ended August 31, 2016.

# Manufactured Home Communities



**Apollo Village**  
Peoria, AZ

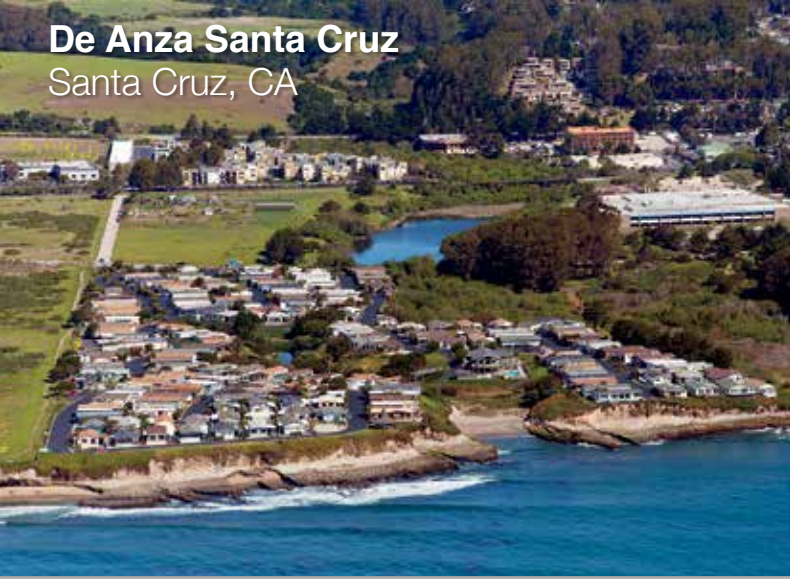


**Mid Florida Lakes Yacht Club**  
Leesburg, FL



# Manufactured Home Communities

**De Anza Santa Cruz**  
Santa Cruz, CA



**Hacienda de Valencia**  
Mesa, AZ



# RV Resorts



**Ramblers Rest RV Resort**  
Venice, FL



**Goose Creek Resort**  
Newport, NC

# RV Resorts





# Safe Harbor Statement

## Under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995:

The forward-looking statements contained in this presentation are subject to certain economic risks and uncertainties described under the heading "Risk Factors" in our 2016 Annual Report on Form 10-K and our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2017. See Form 8-K filed July 18, 2017 for the full text of our forward-looking statements. We assume no obligation to update or supplement forward-looking statements that become untrue because of subsequent events. All projections are based on 2017 budgets, reforecasts and pro forma expectations on recent investments.

## Non-GAAP Financial Measures

Net Income to FFO and Normalized FFO Reconciliation (in millions)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 <sup>(1)</sup>
<b>Net income available for common stockholders</b>	<b>\$54.8</b>	<b>\$106.9</b>	<b>\$118.7</b>	<b>\$130.1</b>	<b>\$164.0</b>	<b>\$191.2</b>
Income allocated to common OP units	5.1	9.7	10.5	11.1	13.9	12.8
Right-to-use contract revenue and commissions deferred, net	3.5	3.3	2.9	2.7	2.9	3.4
Depreciation on real estate assets and other	100.0	102.7	101.2	104.0	108.0	112.0
Depreciation on rental homes	6.1	6.5	10.9	10.7	10.7	10.6
Depreciation on discontinued operations	-	1.5	-	-	-	-
Amortization of in-place leases	45.1	1.9	4.0	2.4	3.4	2.1
Gain on real estate	(4.6)	(41.5)	(1.5)	-	-	-
<b>FFO available for common stock and OP unit holders</b>	<b>210.0</b>	<b>191.0</b>	<b>246.7</b>	<b>261.0</b>	<b>302.9</b>	<b>332.1</b>
Change in fair value of contingent consideration asset	(0.5)	1.4	(0.1)	-	-	-
Transaction costs	0.2	2.0	1.6	1.1	1.2	0.3
Loss from early extinguishment of debt	0.5	37.9	5.1	16.9	-	-
Litigation settlement, net	-	-	-	-	2.4	-
<b>Normalized FFO available for common stock and OP unit holders</b>	<b>\$210.2</b>	<b>\$232.3</b>	<b>\$253.3</b>	<b>\$279.0</b>	<b>\$306.5</b>	<b>\$332.4</b>

Note:

(1) The 2017 amounts are the midpoint of an estimate range. See our guidance included in Exhibit 99.1 to the Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 18, 2017.

# Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This document contains certain non-GAAP measures used by management that we believe are helpful in understanding our business, as further discussed in the paragraphs below. We believe investors should review these non-GAAP measures, along with GAAP net income and cash flow from operating activities, investing activities and financing activities, when evaluating an equity REIT's operating performance. Our definitions and calculations of these non-GAAP financial and operating measures and other terms may differ from the definitions and methodologies used by other REITs and, accordingly, may not be comparable. These non-GAAP financial and operating measures do not represent cash generated from operating activities in accordance with GAAP, nor do they represent cash available to pay distributions and should not be considered as an alternative to net income, determined in accordance with GAAP, as an indication of our financial performance, or to cash flow from operating activities, determined in accordance with GAAP, as a measure of our liquidity, nor is it indicative of funds available to fund our cash needs, including our ability to make cash distributions.

**FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS (FFO).** We define FFO as net income, computed in accordance with GAAP, excluding gains and actual or estimated losses from sales of properties, plus real estate related depreciation and amortization, impairments, if any, and after adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures. Adjustments for unconsolidated partnerships and joint ventures are calculated to reflect FFO on the same basis. We compute FFO in accordance with our interpretation of standards established by the National Association of Real Estate Investment Trusts ("NAREIT"), which may not be comparable to FFO reported by other REITs that do not define the term in accordance with the current NAREIT definition or that interpret the current NAREIT definition differently than we do. We receive up-front non-refundable payments from the entry of right-to-use contracts. In accordance with GAAP, the upfront non-refundable payments and related commissions are deferred and amortized over the estimated customer life. Although the NAREIT definition of FFO does not address the treatment of non-refundable right-to-use payments, we believe that it is appropriate to adjust for the impact of the deferral activity in our calculation of FFO.

**NORMALIZED FUNDS FROM OPERATIONS (NORMALIZED FFO).** We define Normalized FFO as FFO excluding the following non-operating income and expense items: a) the financial impact of contingent consideration; b) gains and losses from early debt extinguishment, including prepayment penalties and defeasance costs; c) property acquisition and other transaction costs related to mergers and acquisitions; and d) other miscellaneous non-comparable items. Normalized FFO presented herein is not necessarily comparable to Normalized FFO presented by other real estate companies due to the fact that not all real estate companies use the same methodology for computing this amount.

We believe that FFO and Normalized FFO are helpful to investors as supplemental measures of the performance of an equity REIT. We believe that by excluding the effect of depreciation, amortization, impairments, if any, and actual or estimated gains or losses from sales of real estate, all of which are based on historical costs and which may be of limited relevance in evaluating current performance, FFO can facilitate comparisons of operating performance between periods and among other equity REITs. We further believe that Normalized FFO provides useful information to investors, analysts and our management because it allows them to compare our operating performance to the operating performance of other real estate companies and between periods on a consistent basis without having to account for differences not related to our operations. For example, we believe that excluding the early extinguishment of debt, property acquisition and other transaction costs related to mergers and acquisitions from Normalized FFO allows investors, analysts and our management to assess the sustainability of operating performance in future periods because these costs do not affect the future operations of the properties. In some cases, we provide information about identified non-cash components of FFO and Normalized FFO because it allows investors, analysts and our management to assess the impact of those items.





## Equity LifeStyle Properties

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